

Management of Corn Diseases in New York Fungicide Efficacy for Control of Corn Diseases — July 2013

This information was adapted for New York by Gary C. Bergstrom, Cornell University, from information developed by the Corn Disease Working Group (CDWG) on fungicide efficacy for control of major corn diseases in the United States. Efficacy ratings for each fungicide listed in the table were determined by field testing the materials over multiple years and locations by the members of the committee. Efficacy ratings are based upon level of disease control achieved by product, and are not necessarily reflective of yield increases obtained from product application. Efficacy depends upon proper application timing, rate, and application method to achieve optimum effectiveness of the fungicide as determined by labeled instructions and overall level of disease in the field at the time of application. Differences in efficacy among fungicide products were determined by direct comparisons among products in field tests and are based on a single application of the labeled rate as listed in the table. **Table includes systemic fungicides available that have been tested over multiple years and locations. The table is not intended to be a list of all labeled products¹.** Efficacy categories: NR=Not Recommended; P=Poor; F=Fair; G=Good; VG=Very Good; E=Excellent; NL = Not Labeled for use against this disease; -- = Insufficient data to make statement about efficacy of this product for this disease.

Fungicide(s)				Anthracnose leaf blight	Common rust	Eyespot	Gray leaf spot	Northern leaf blight	Southern rust	Harvest Restriction ²
Class	Active ingredient (%)	Product/Trade name	Rate/A (fl oz)							
QoI Strobilurins Group 11	Azoxystrobin 22.9%	Quadris 2.08 SC	6.0 - 15.5	VG	E	VG	E	G	G	7 days
	Pyraclostrobin 23.6%	Headline 2.09 EC/SC ³	6.0 - 12.0	--	E	E	E	VG	E	7 days
DMI Triazoles Group 3	Propiconazole 41.8%	Tilt 3.6 EC	2.0 - 4.0	NL	VG	E	G	G	G	30 days
	Prothioconazole 41.0%	Proline 480 SC	5.7	--	--	--	--	VG	G	14 days
Mixed mode of action	Azoxystrobin 7.0% Propiconazole 11.7%	Quilt 1.66 SC	7.0 - 14.0	NL	VG-E	E	E	VG	VG	30 days
	Azoxystrobin 13.5% Propiconazole 11.7%	Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE	10.5 - 14.0	VG	VG-E	VG-E	E	VG	VG	30 days
	Pyraclostrobin 13.6% Metconazole 5.1%	Headline AMP 1.68 SC ³	10.0 - 14.4	--	E	E	E	VG	VG	20 days
	Trifloxystrobin 32.3% Prothioconazole 10.8%	Stratego YLD 4.18 SC ⁴	4.0 - 5.0	VG	E	VG	E	VG	VG	30 days

¹Additional fungicides are labeled for disease on corn, including contact fungicides such as chlorothalonil. Certain fungicides may be available for diseases not listed in the table.

²Harvest restrictions are listed for field corn harvested for grain. Restrictions may vary for other types of corn (sweet, seed or popcorn, etc.), and corn for other uses such as forage or fodder.

³Aerial application in New York is allowed except within 100 feet of an aquatic habitat.

⁴Aerial application is not allowed in New York.

Many products have specific use restrictions about the amount of active ingredient that can be applied within a period of time or the amount of sequential applications that can occur. Please read and follow all specific use restrictions prior to fungicide use. This information is provided only as a guide. It is the responsibility of the pesticide applicator by law to read and follow all current label directions. Reference to products in this publication is not intended to be an endorsement to the exclusion of others that may be similar. Persons using such products assume responsibility for their use in accordance with current directions of the manufacturer. Members or participants in the CDWG assume no liability resulting from the use of these products.